

College Choice Assessment

Ask the following questions to help decide which college is best for your child.

- What training program is my child interested in taking?
- What types of schools is this training available at:

When creating an educational plan and choosing a college, you and your child should think about how college will prepare your child for the future. This is the beginning of an exciting journey.



UCRN

Utah Career

Resource Network

Finding the Right College

► THE PARENT SERIES

- What size of school would my child like to attend?
- Would my child like to attend a school:
 - Technical college
 - Private career school
 - Two-year college
 - Four-year college or university
- Would my child like to attend a school:
 - In-state
 - Out-of-state
 - In a small town
 - In a mid-size city
 - In a large city
- What activities should the college have that my child wants to attend?
- Make a "target" list of five to ten schools that includes the above criteria.
- Will my child need financial assistance to attend college?
- If my child does need financial assistance, what aid is available at his or her "target" schools?

Once you have a list of five to ten schools, try to visit as many as possible, then make your final decision.

UCRN Utah Career Resource Network
1-800-733-7887
www.utahcareers.info

www.utahcete.org

Get Your Hands On Quality Career Information

Where can my Child find College Information?

WHAT TRAINING OPTIONS ARE AVAILABLE TO MY CHILD?

There are four types of colleges:

- **Four-year colleges and universities** offer the widest variety of class subjects and levels, from art to zoology, from introductory to advanced courses. They also offer the widest variety of degrees. Tuition at public four-year colleges and universities is less than tuition at private four-year colleges and universities. If your child wants to attend college outside of the state in which you live, tuition at a public four-year college or university will be higher than if your child attended a public college or university within your state.
- **Community colleges** offer three basic kinds of degrees and certificates: academic transfer degrees, professional-technical degrees and certificates of achievement. The academic transfer degree allows your child to complete the first 90 college credits at a community college and then transfer into a four-year college or university at the junior level. The professional-technical degree prepares your child directly for work. The certificate program provides skills for entry into the job market or advancement within a career. Tuition at a community college is less than tuition at a four-year college or university; therefore, attending a community college for two years and transferring to a four-year college or university is one way to save on the cost of college if your child decides to earn a bachelor's degree or a higher degree.
- **Talk to the high school counselor.** Your child's high school counselor is the first stop for information about college options. The counselor can help your child focus on his or her needs and goals and has information about different types of schools. The counselor can also help your child collect or prepare college application materials.
- **Visit a variety of schools.** Schedule visits for you and your child, preferably while classes are being taught. Get a feel for each school; make sure you and your child are comfortable with the facilities, the equipment, the teachers and the students.
- **Do not be afraid to ask.** A good school will happily answer your questions about its programs. Be sure to ask the school about life after college for its students: How many graduate? How many get jobs because of the training they received? What kind of job placement services does the school offer students and graduates?
- **Check the cost.** Make sure the school gives you a clear statement of its tuition and fees. Remember that any federal financial aid you get will be applied first to paying the school's tuition and fees. If there is any money left over, the school may or may not allow you to use the remainder to help your child pay for food and housing.

HOW DO I HELP MY CHILD FIND THE RIGHT COLLEGE?

Important factors to keep in mind when choosing a college:

- **In-State or Out-of-State.** In-state tuition is less expensive than out-of-state. Do colleges within your state offer the degree, activities and other criteria you and your child are looking for?
- **Public or Private.** Public schools generally have less restrictive admission requirements and cost less than private schools. Publicly funded state schools are generally more accessible than private schools. Private schools, however, often offer smaller class sizes and more personalized education.
- **School Size and Class Sizes.** At large universities, your child may be in classes that range from 25 to 500 students. At small colleges, classes usually range from five to 100 people.
- **Student Activities.** You and your child should determine if the colleges and universities you are considering offer activities with which your child would like to get involved.
- **Location.** Is the college located in a rural community, a small town or a city? This can be an important consideration when it comes to housing, transportation and access to off-campus activities.
- **Atmosphere and Physical Surroundings.** Each school has its own atmosphere, which includes the interests and attitudes of the students as well as the physical environment. It may be politically vibrant. It may center on school spirit and tradition, especially around athletics. Collectively decide what atmosphere is best for your child. Visit colleges if possible.
- **Housing Options.** Is it important to you and your child that on-campus housing be available? If your child wishes to live off-campus, will transportation to and from school be accessible and safe?